DaimlerChrysler AGcompany profile

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- DaimlerChrysler: The Company
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- The EWC of DaimlerChrysler
 - Structure
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Company Structure

- DaimlerChrysler AG
- German and American producer of passenger cars, trucks and financial services
- parts and accessories marketed under other brand names
- Headquarters: Stuttgart (Germany) and Auburn Hills, Michigan (USA)
- Fourth largest car manufacturer in the world
- 2007: sale of Chrysler to Cerberus

Company Structure: History

- Daimler-Benz AG
 - 1926: merger of Daimler-Motoren-Gesellschaft and Benz & Cie
 - 1935: Wilhelm Friedle implemented the assembly line in Germany
 - Innovative company:

1951: security cabin

1981: airbag

Company Structure: History

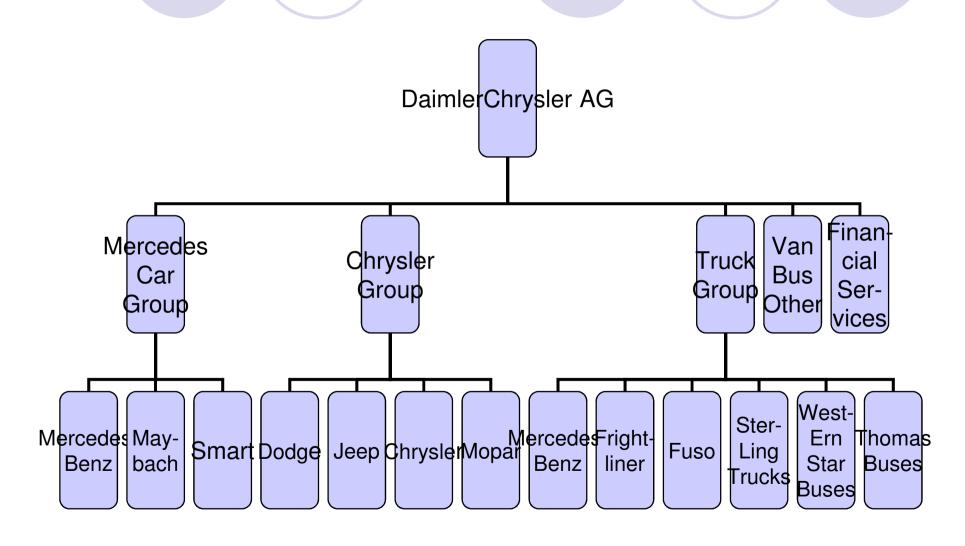
- Chrysler Corporation
 - american automobile manufacturer since 1925
 - 1928: Chrysler became 3rd largest car manufacturer in the USA
 - Obrands: Dodge, Imperial, DeSoto, Plymouth
 - 1987: aquisition of American Motors Corporation (AMC)

Company Structure: History

DaimlerChrysler AG

- 1998: Daimler-Benz bought Chrysler in form of shares for \$ 36 billion
- Board of directors became more and more German
- 2006: Dieter Zetsche became CEO
- October 2005: development of a Joint Venture with the car manufacturers Hyundai and Mistubishi Motors: Global Engine Manufacturing Alliance (GEMA)
- Oriticism of the merger and enormous losses June 2007
- of future cooperation with Fiat (engines)

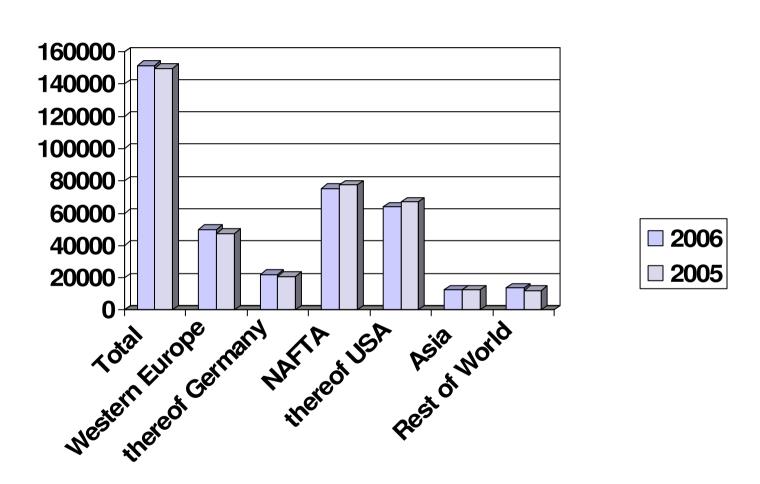
Company Structure: Business Areas



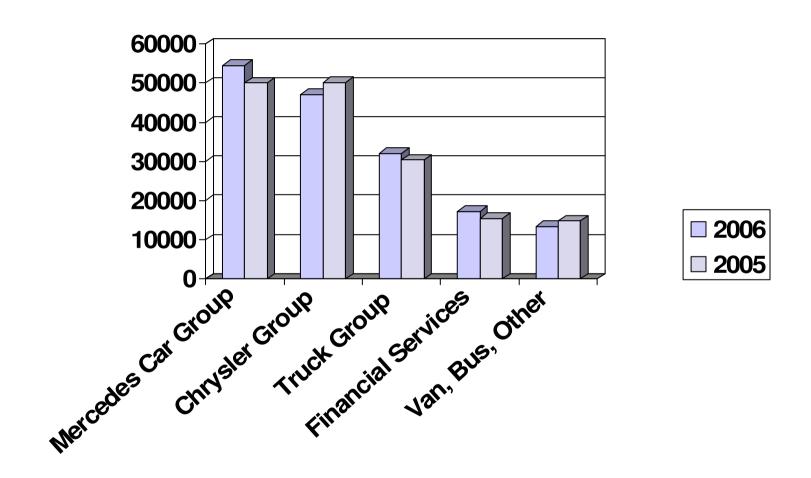
Company Distribution

- Production facilities in 21 countries
- Turnover: 151.6 million Euro (2006)
- Profit: 3.227 billion Euro (2006)
- Sales: 4.7 million vehicles (2006)
- Employees: 360.385 (2006)
- Most important markets:
 - OUSA: 45,2%
 - **EU: 33,4%**

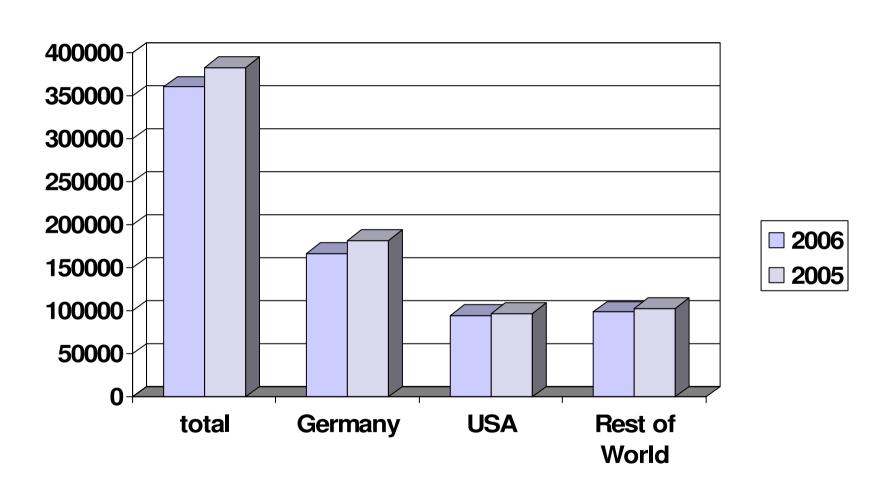
Company Distribution: Turnover by Region (in million)



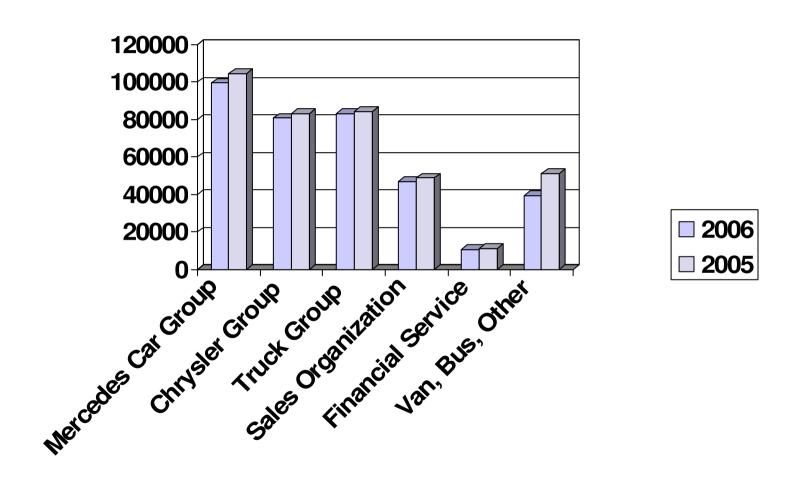
Company Distribution: Turnover by Division (in million)



Company Distribution: Employees by Region (Dec. 31)



Company Distribution: Employees by Division (Dec. 31)



Mercedes Car Group

- Sales (2006): 1.230.951 units
- Headquarters: Stuttgart, Germany
- Most important markets
 - OGermany 28%
 - Western Europe 34%
 - **OUSA 20%**
 - OJapan 4%

Mercedes Car Group: Production Locations

- Sindelfingen (26.536 employees)
 C-Class Saloon, Sports Coupé, E-Class Saloon, E-Class Estate, CLS-Class, S-Class Saloon, CL-Class, Maybach
- Bremen (11.555 employees)
 C-Class Saloon, C-Class Estate, CLK-Class Coupé and Convertible, SLK-Class, SL-Class
- Rastatt (6.033 employees)A-Class, B-Class
- Hamburg (2.342 employees)
 Axles and components
- Berlin (3.047 employees)
 Gasoline and diesel engines, components and parts
- Untertürckheim (18.012 employees)
 Engines, axles, gearboxes, components
- Tuscaloosa (USA) (4.012 employees)
 M-Class, R-Class, GL-Class
- East London (South Africa) (2.825 employees)
 C-Class Saloon
- Juiz de Fora (Brazil) (1.025 employees)
 C-Class Saloon
- Hambach (France) (893 employees) smart fortwo

Chrysler Group

- Production (2006): 2.548.700 units
 - opassenger cars: 640.200
 - trucks: 1.908.500
- Sales (2006): 2.654.700 units
 - opassenger cars: 681.100
 - trucks: 533.500
- Headquarters: Auburn Hills, USA

Chrysler Group: Production Locations

- North America
 - 14 assembly plants
 - 13 components plants
 - 5 stamping plants
 - 6 technical centres
- Outside North America
 - 7 assembly plants

Austria (Chrysler, Jeep)

China (Jeep)

Egypt (Jeep)

Venezuela (Jeep, Dodge)

Company Coordination / Control

- New Management Model
 - 24 January 2006
 - Aim: improving group's competitiveness
 - Adjustment of personnel to achieve the goals
 - CORE Programm at the Mercedes Car Group

EWC Structure: Establishment

- 1990`s: establishment of "European Distribution Committee" at Daimler-Benz
- 25th July 1996: establishment of EWC after Art. 13 between Germany works council and group management
- Applicable law: Germany
- 1st May 2002: renewed or post-merger agreement

EWC Structure: DaimlerChrysler Merger

- development of a transatlantic working group
- June 1998: development of an international working group
- June 2002: incorporation of the international working group into the global works council, the World Employee Committee (WEC)
- WEC is more important than the EWC
- WEC agreed on a code of conduct concerning "social responsibility"

EWC Structure: Agreement

- to inform and consult the employees of Daimler-Chrysler Group in the EU and EEA
- Europe-wide exchange of information and opinions between group management and employees
- information sharing and consultation take place in two forms:
 - 1. within the EWC itself
 - 2. by passing on the common minutes of EWC meetings to the managements

EWC Distribution

- Composition: workers only
- Duration of Mandate: 4 years
- Compentencies
- Social areas: employment
- Economic areas: market, field of activity, new technologies, merger, delocalisation
- > Financial areas: balance sheet anylysis, investment
- Confidentiality agreement
- select committee:
 - EWC chairman
 - 1 German delegate
 - 1 Spanish delegate
 - 1 French delegate

EWC Distribution

until May 2002:	30
Germany	20
foreign countries	10
after May 2002:	2
Germany	12
Spain	4
France	3
Italy	2
UK	1
Netherlands	1
Belgium	1

EWC Coordination: Meetings

- once a year at the group headquarters
- Group management is regularly represented
- one-day preparation and evaluation meetings on the employee side
- Agenda is suggested by the four members of the EWC select committee
- Meetings are held in German but there is the possibility of simultaneous translation

EWC Coordination: Meetings

- information about strategic transnational developments
- EWC members feel that information often is too unspecific
- Between meetings communication takes place via the EWC select committee

EWC Coordination: Costs

- costs of the EWC, the select committee are carried by group management
- Costs of travel, overnight stays are carried by the companies that send the delegates
- ad hoc committee can be set up
- EWC and EWC select committee have the right to use expert support
- funds for language courses at individual national subsidiaries
- EWC members are allowed a limited amount of paid time off for their EWC work
- EWC members have access to IT facilities

EWC Coordination: Information, Consultation and Negotiation

- Interaction remains on the level of information and (limited) consultation
- Form and content of information sessions follow the conditions of the agreement
- Negotiations have not yet been conducted
- extraordinary EWC meetings have not yet taken place

EWC Coordination: Information, Consultation and Negotiation

- project about comparison of wage and income conditions in Europe proved difficult in practice
- transnational agreement on "social responsibility" was negotiated at the global level of the WEC and therefore also have been discussed the topic as well

EWC Coordination: Outcomes and Impacts

Employees

- structure of DaimlerChrysler results in a weak coherence of interests on the employee side
- EWC is a body of interest representation for others
- EWC serves as a platform for information exchange and communication problems
- at the level of problem and conflict solving the EWC does not play a role

EWC Coordination: Outcomes and Impacts

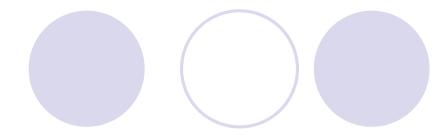
- possible revision of the agreement is considered, if at all, only after the revision of the EWC Directive
- economic and financial data of the group is relevant, but in view of the European conditions often too unspecific

EWC Coordination: Outcomes and Impacts

Management

- EWC serves as a body that is provided with information about strategic and economic developments of the group as a whole
- managers of foreign subsidiaries do not take part in the meetings of the EWC

Sources



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